

Equations from Graphs:

Step 1: Determine the features of a sinusoidal graph:

Equation of S.A: $y = 2$

Amplitude: 2

Period: 180°

$$P = HS \cdot 360^\circ$$

$$HS = \frac{180^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

Step 2: Identify the transformations:

$$VS = 2$$

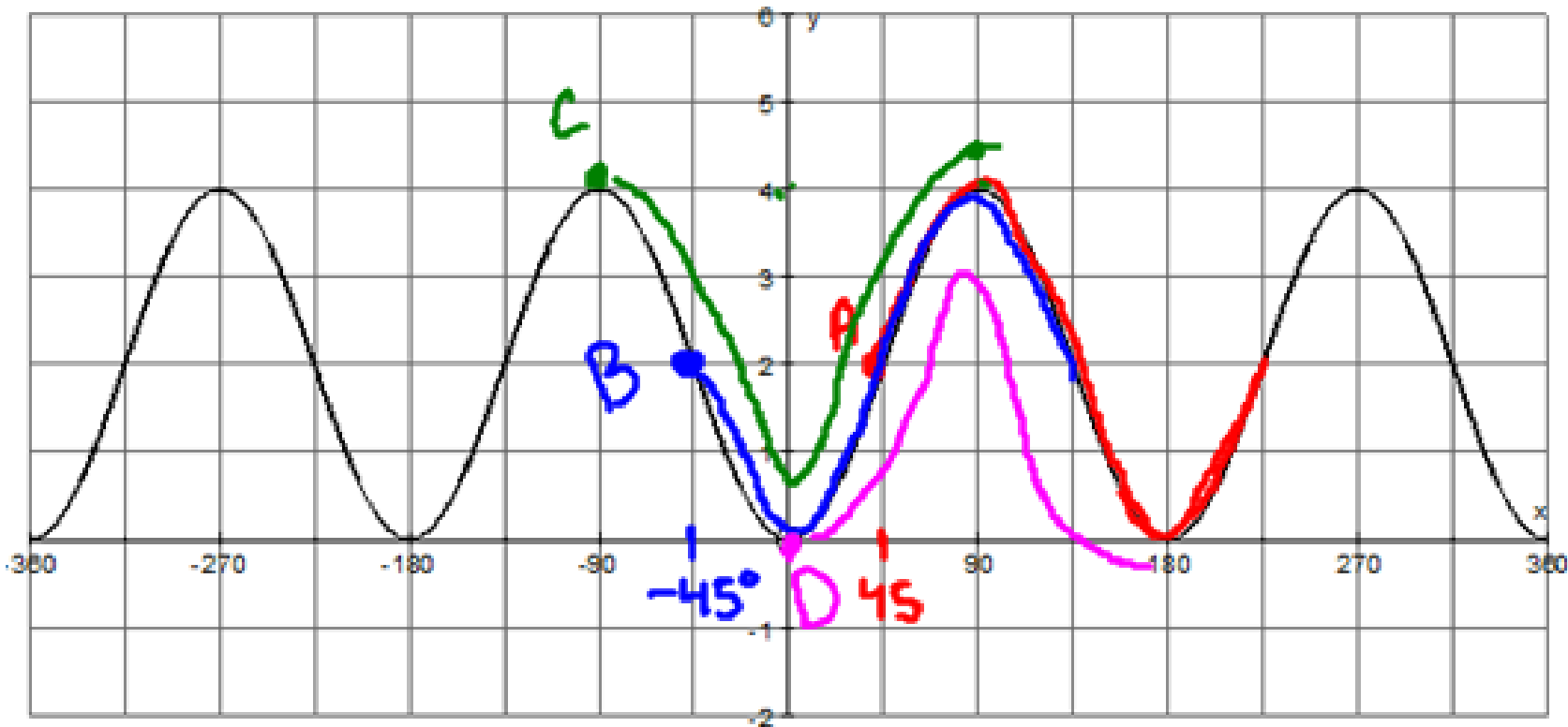
$$VT = 0$$

$$HS = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step 3: Choose a starting point for the graph (HT)

$$HT =$$

Step 4: Write the equation – remember to take the reciprocal of horizontal stretches and change the signs of horizontal translations.



$\sqrt{5}2$
 $\sqrt{7}2$
 $HS \frac{1}{2}$

A) $y = \sin x$ (HT: $+45^\circ$)

$y = 2 \sin(2(x - 45^\circ)) + 2$

B) $y = -\sin x$ (HT: -45°)

$y = -2 \sin(2(x + 45^\circ)) + 2$

C) $y = \cos x$ (HT: $\pm 90^\circ$)

$y = 2 \cos(2(x \pm 90^\circ)) + 2$

D) $y = -\cos x$ (HT: 0°)

$y = -2 \cos(2(x - 0^\circ)) + 2$
 $= -2 \cos(2x) + 2$